



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO

DIPARTIMENTO DI SCIENZE E POLITICHE AMBIENTALI

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND POLICY



The National Strategic Plan in the CAP programming 2021-2027

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“3rd EUSALP Annual Forum”
Regione Lombardia, 29/11/2019

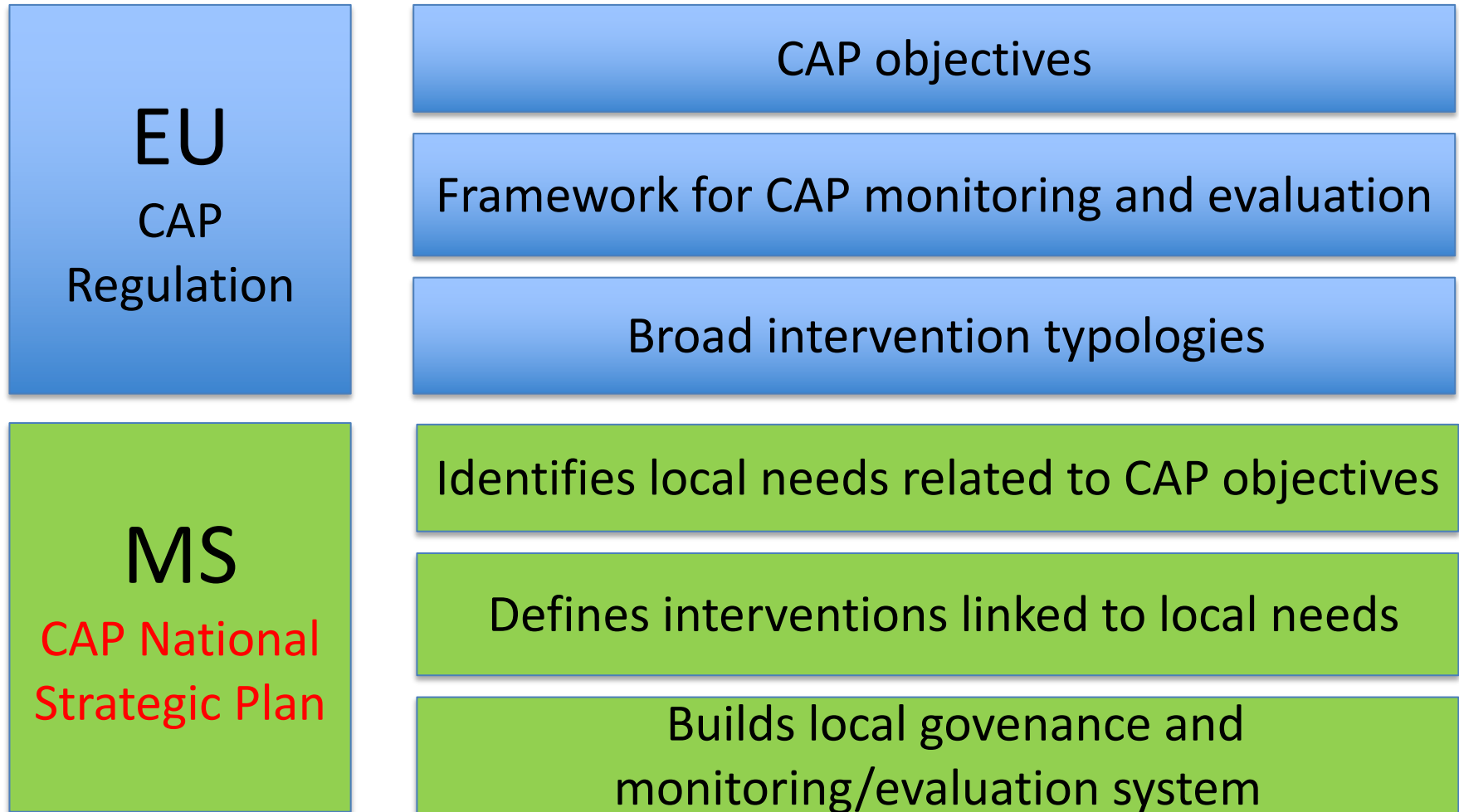
Main novelties of the CAP 2021-2027

Based on the proposal of the EU Commission of the 1st June 2018

- A more result oriented CAP (from compliance to performance accountability)
- Strengthening of environmental and climate ambition
- Enhanced environmental cross compliance
- Voluntary eco-scheme in the first pillar
- Less resources (especially for the second pillar)
- **A NEW DELIVERY MODEL BASED ON CAP NATIONAL STRATEGIC PLAN FOR BOTH FIRST AND SECOND CAP PILLAR POLICIES**

A new delivery model for the CAP

- Rebalancing of responsibilities between EU and Member States (MS)



Content for the CAP Strategic Plan

- (a) an assessment of needs;
- (b) an intervention strategy;
- (c) a description of elements common to several interventions;
- (d) a description of the direct payments, sectoral and rural development interventions specified in the strategy;**
- (e) target and financial plans;
- (f) a description of the governance and coordination system;
- (g) a description of the elements that ensure modernisation of the CAP;
- (h) a description of the elements related to simplification and reduced administrative burden for final beneficiaries.

Assessment of needs in the Plan

The assessment of needs shall include the following:

(a) summary of the SWOT analysis;

(b) identification of needs for each specific objective based on the evidence from the SWOT analysis.

(c) for the specific objective of supporting viable farm income and resilience an assessment of needs in relation to risk management;

(d) where applicable, an analysis of the specific needs of vulnerable geographical areas, such as the outermost regions;

(e) prioritisation and ranking of needs

CAP specific objectives



a) support viable farm income and resilience across the Union to enhance food security



b) enhance market orientation and increase competitiveness, including greater focus on research, technology and digitalisation



c) improve the farmers' position in the value chain



d) contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation, as well as sustainable energy



e) foster sustainable development and efficient management of natural resources such as water, soil and air

CAP specific objectives



f) contribute to the protection of biodiversity, enhance ecosystem services and preserve habitats and landscapes



g) attract young farmers and facilitate business development in rural areas



h) promote employment, growth, social inclusion and local development in rural areas, including bio-economy and sustainable forestry



i) improve the response of EU agriculture to societal demands on food and health, including safe, nutritious and sustainable food, food waste, as well as animal welfare

Content for the CAP Strategic Plan

(a) an assessment of needs;

→ **(b) an intervention strategy;**

(c) a description of elements common to several interventions;

→ **(d) a description of the direct payments, sectoral and rural development interventions specified in the strategy;**

(e) target and financial plans;

(f) a description of the governance and coordination system;

(g) a description of the elements that ensure modernisation of the CAP;

(h) a description of the elements related to simplification and reduced administrative burden for final beneficiaries.

Type of interventions for the CAP

1. interventions in the form of direct payments
2. interventions for rural development
3. sectoral types of interventions

National approach for direct payments and sectoral interventions, regional (or national approach?) for RDP

CAP direct payments 2021-2027

- (a) the basic income support for sustainability (decoupled, mandatory for MS);
 - (b) the complementary redistributive income support for sustainability (decoupled, mandatory for MS);
 - (c) the complementary income support for young farmers (decoupled, voluntary for MS);
 - (d) the schemes for the climate and the environment (decoupled, mandatory for MS, voluntary for farmers);
 - (e) the coupled income support (coupled, voluntary for MS);
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- MS may decide whether to set payment entitlements or not
 - In the first case value of entitlements will be subject to an internal convergence process (values of entitlements should converge toward national average)

Interventions for Rural Development

The types of interventions under this Chapter shall be the following:

- (a) environmental, climate and other management commitments;
- (b) natural or other area-specific constraints;
- (c) area-specific disadvantages resulting from certain mandatory requirements;
- (d) investments;
- (e) installation of young farmers and rural business start-up;
- (f) risk management tools;
- (g) cooperation;
- (h) knowledge exchange and information

Italian CAP Strategic Plan

➤ TIMETABLE

- To be provided to the EU Commission within 2020
- Currently, the Ministry of Agriculture is gathering needs and proposals from Regions and Stakeholders
- **NOW IT IS THE TIME TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON THE DECISION MAKING PROCESS!!!**

➤ HOW TO INCLUDE MOUNTAIN CONCERNS IN THE PLAN? WHICH SUGGESTIONS?

- Identify needs of the mountains related to the CAP
- Suggest CAP strategy for the mountains
- Individuate CAP interventions for the mountains

Thank you for your attention

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